

The Future of 2D Hydraulic Modelling

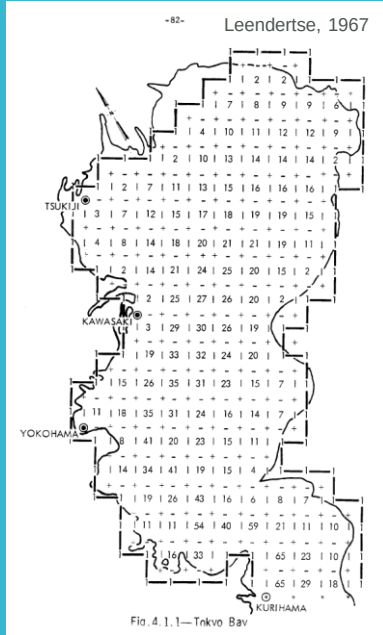
2nd February 2021

Duncan Kitts

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Evolution of 2D Hydraulic Modelling Timeline

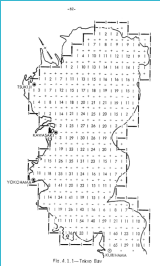
1967
100 cells



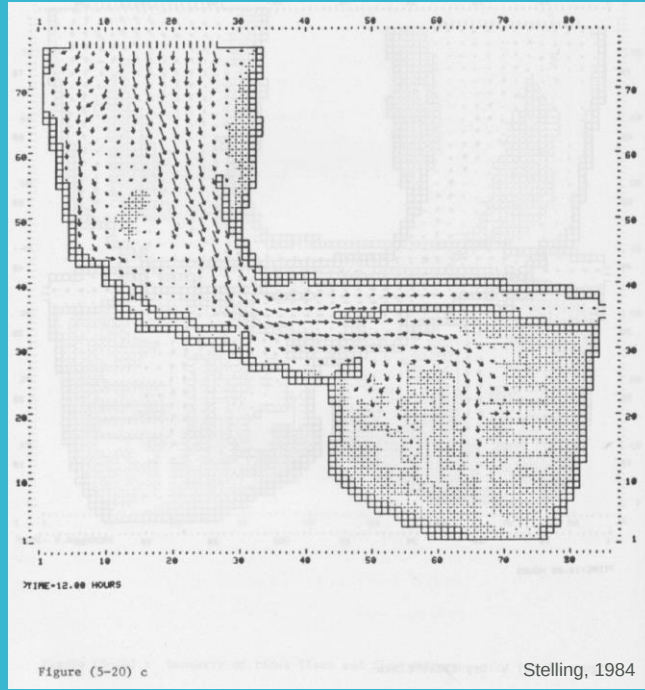
Coastal Bays

Evolution of 2D Hydraulic Modelling Timeline

1967
100 cells



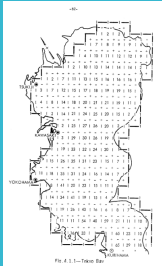
1984
1,000



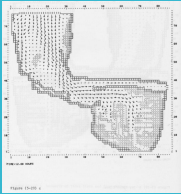
Coastal Bays

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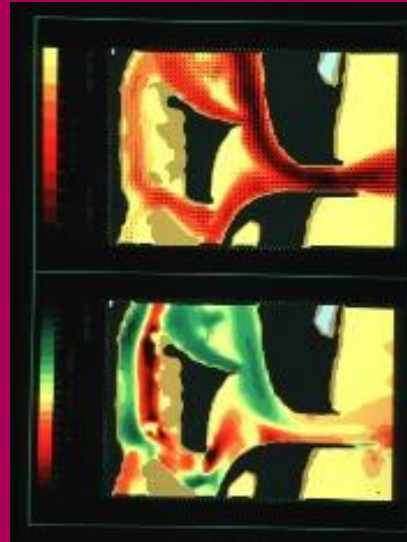
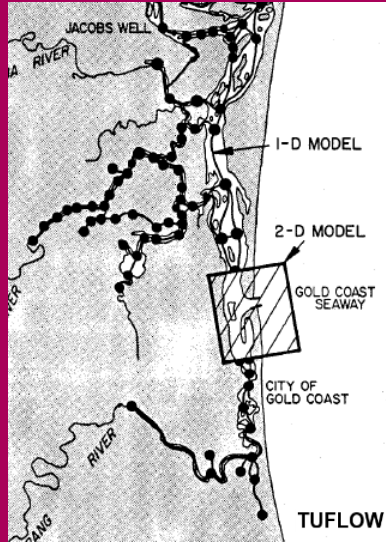
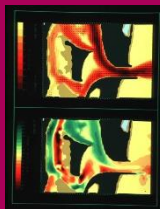
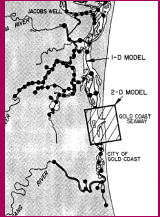
1967
100 cells



1984
1,000



1990
10,000

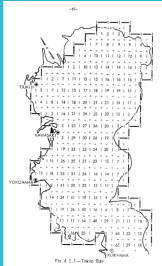


Coastal Waters and Estuaries (Linked 1D/2D)

Coastal Bays

Evolution of 2D Hydraulic Modelling Timeline

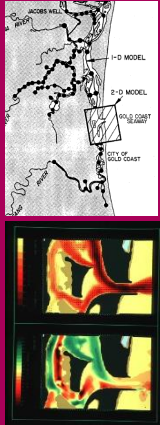
1967
100 cells



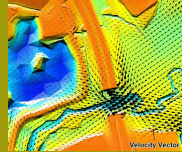
1984
1,000



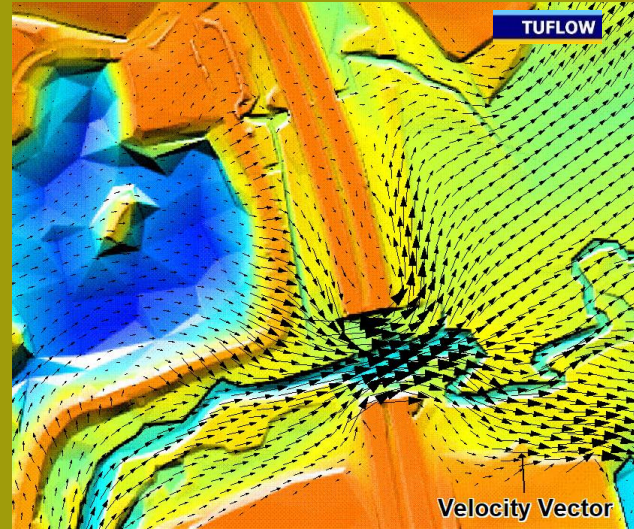
1990
10,000



1998
50,000



Rivers
(Flooding)

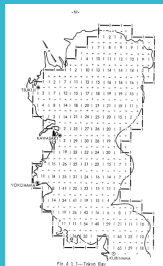


Coastal Waters and Estuaries (Linked 1D/2D)

Coastal Bays

Evolution of 2D Hydraulic Modelling Timeline

1967
100 cells

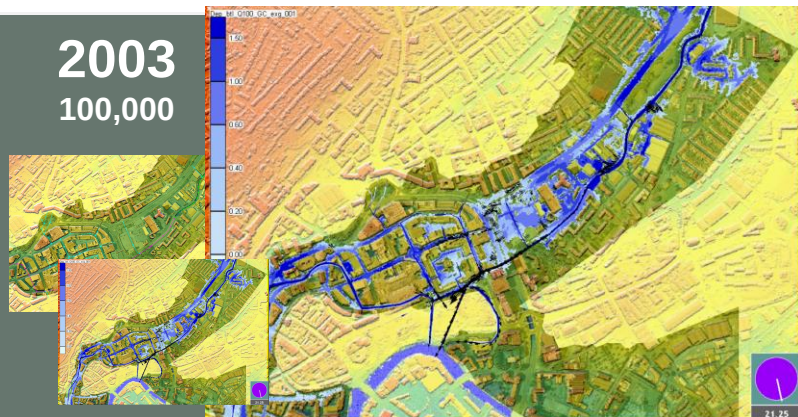


1984
1,000



1998
50,000

2003
100,000



Pipes (1D) / Surfacewater (2D)

ies (Linked 1D/2D)

Coastal Bays

Evolution of 2D Hydraulic Modelling Timeline

1967
100 cells

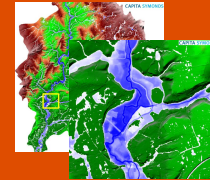
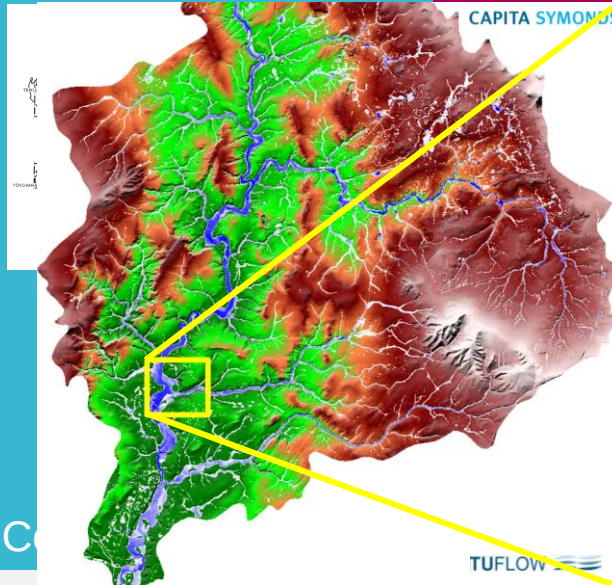
1984
1,000

1990
10,000

1998
50,000

2003
100,000

2013
10,000,000 (GPU)



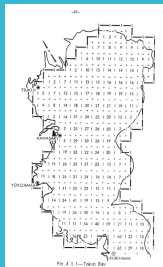
Catchments

Surfacewater (2D)

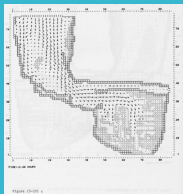
(2D)

Evolution of 2D Hydraulic Modelling Timeline

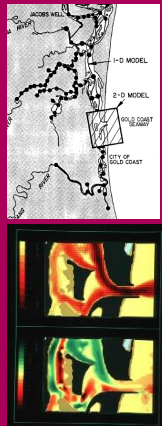
1967
100 cells



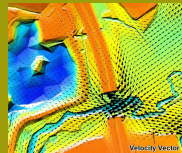
1984
1,000



1990
10,000



1998
50,000



2003
100,000



Pipes (1D) / Surfacewater (2D)

2013
10,000,000 (GPU)



Catchments

2020s
>100,000,000



Rivers (Flooding)

Coastal Waters and Estuaries (Linked 1D/2D)

Coastal Bays

Quadtree

Automated Mesh Refinement

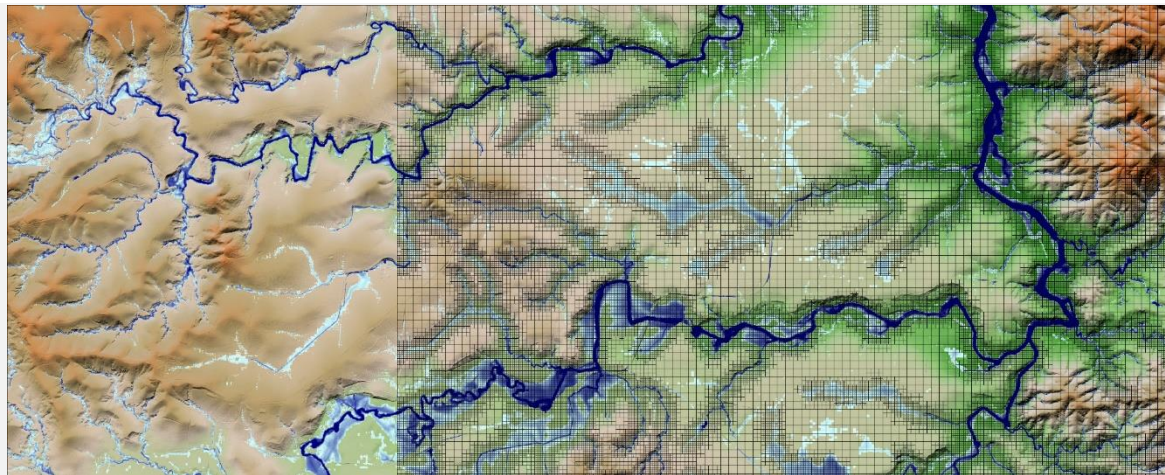
Vary Grid Cell Size within Fixed Grid Model

Very fast to setup

- Takes minutes

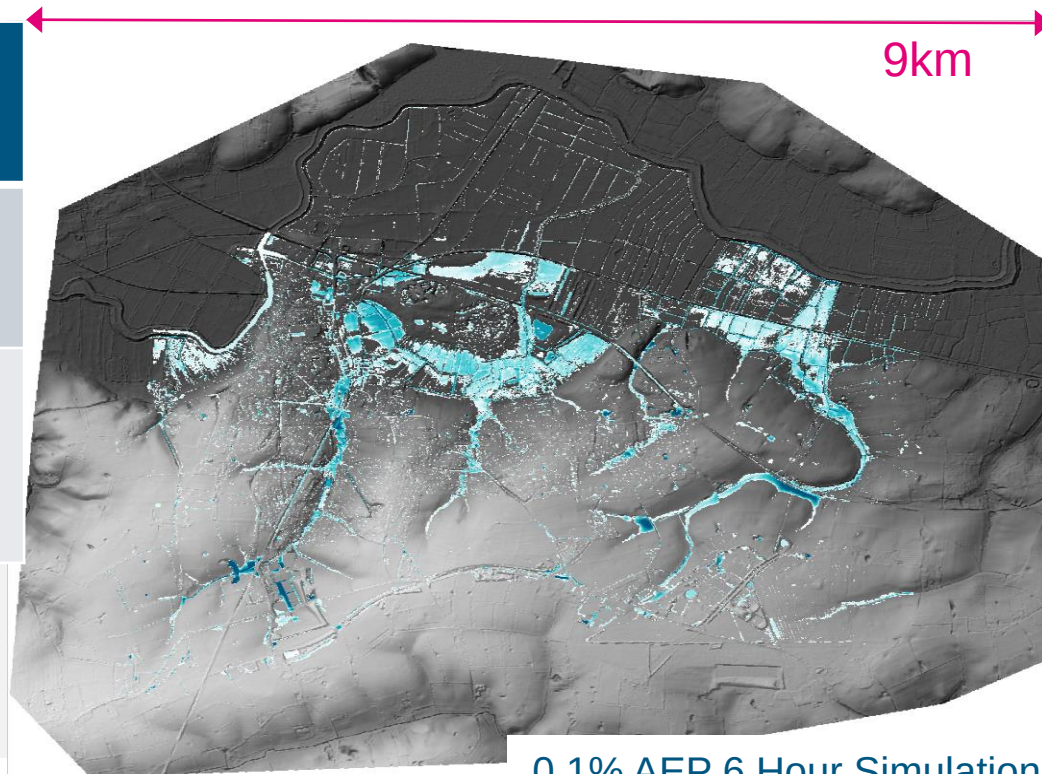
Use GIS layers to increase or decrease cell size

- e.g. flood zones, roads layer



Quadtree Performance Whole Catchment Modelling

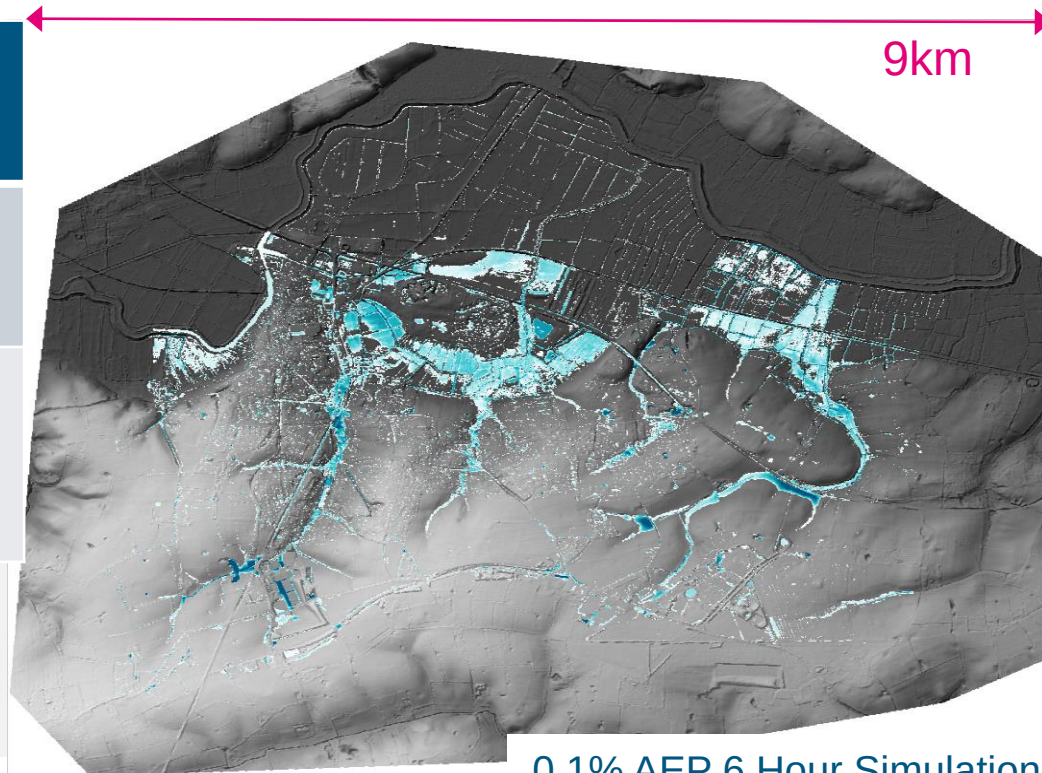
Model Scenario	2D Cell Count	Simulation Time (hh:mm)
Single Domain (2m resolution)	4,783,044	
3 Level Quadtree (2m / 4m / 8m)	695,909	



0.1% AEP 6 Hour Simulation
Direct Rainfall

Quadtree Performance Whole Catchment Modelling

Model Scenario	2D Cell Count	Simulation Time (hh:mm)
Single Domain (2m resolution)	4,783,044	2:40:44
3 Level Quadtree (2m / 4m / 8m)	695,909	35:37



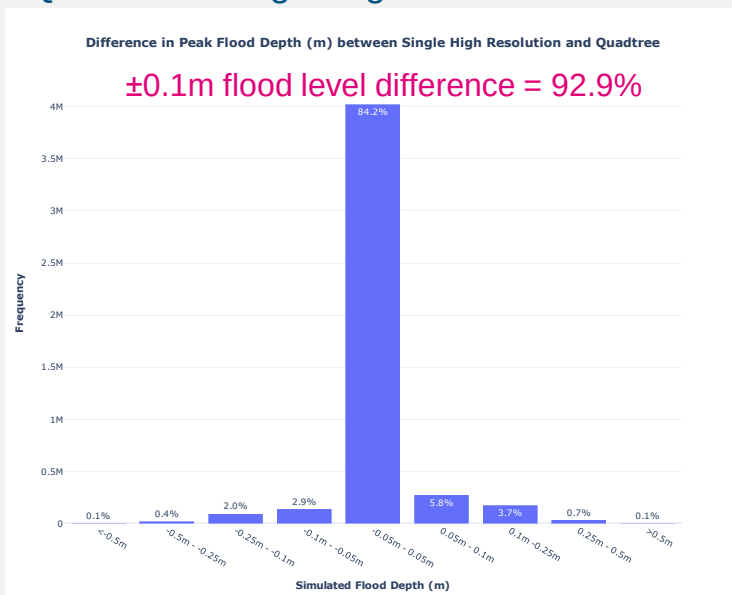
0.1% AEP 6 Hour Simulation
Direct Rainfall

Quadtree Performance

Whole Catchment Modelling

Peak Flood Level Difference

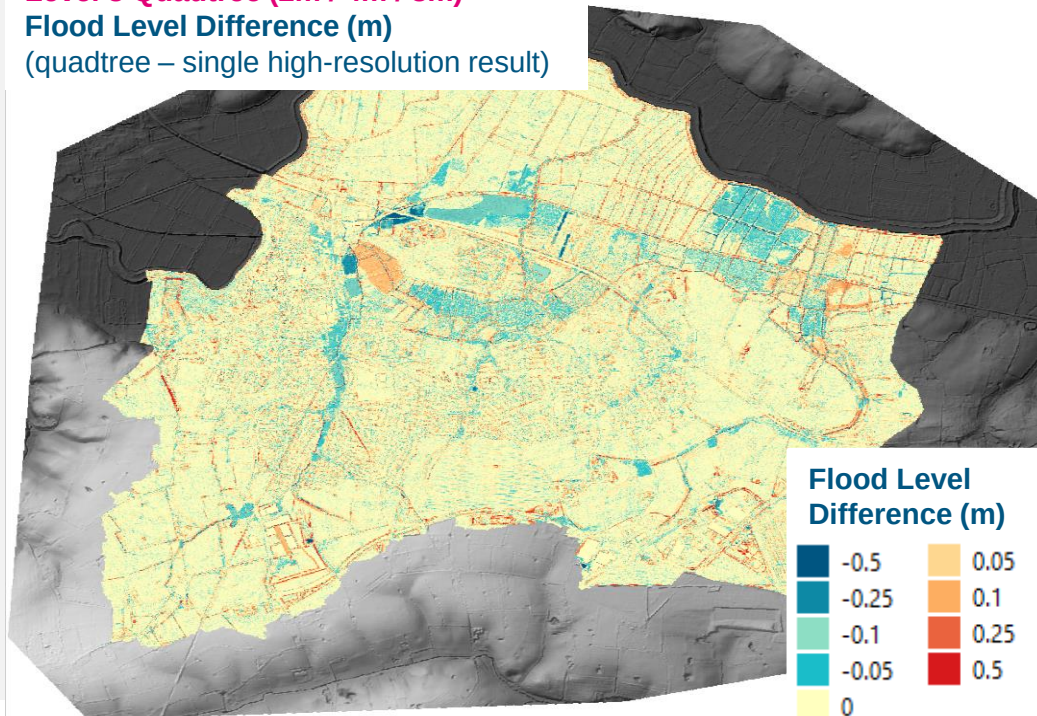
Quadtree - Single High-Resolution Result



Level 3 Quadtree (2m / 4m / 8m)

Flood Level Difference (m)

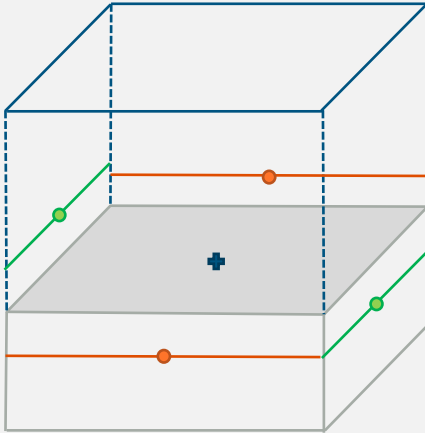
(quadtree – single high-resolution result)



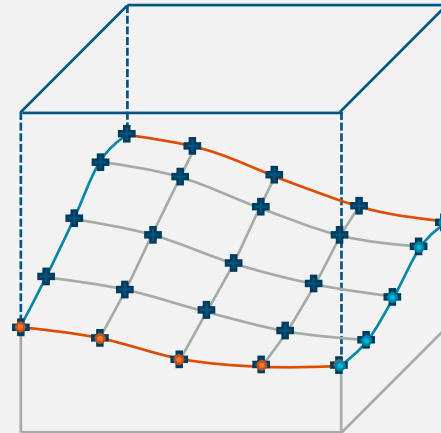
Sub-Grid Sampling (SGS)

Makes use of all terrain information within a 2D cell

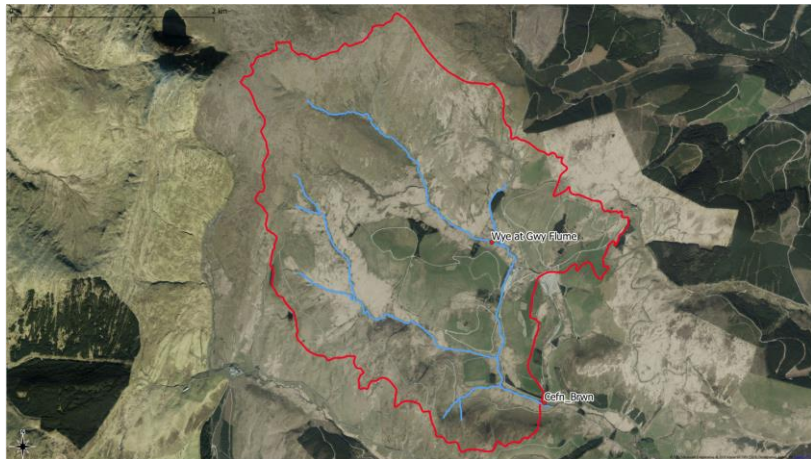
Without SGS
(Conventional Approach)



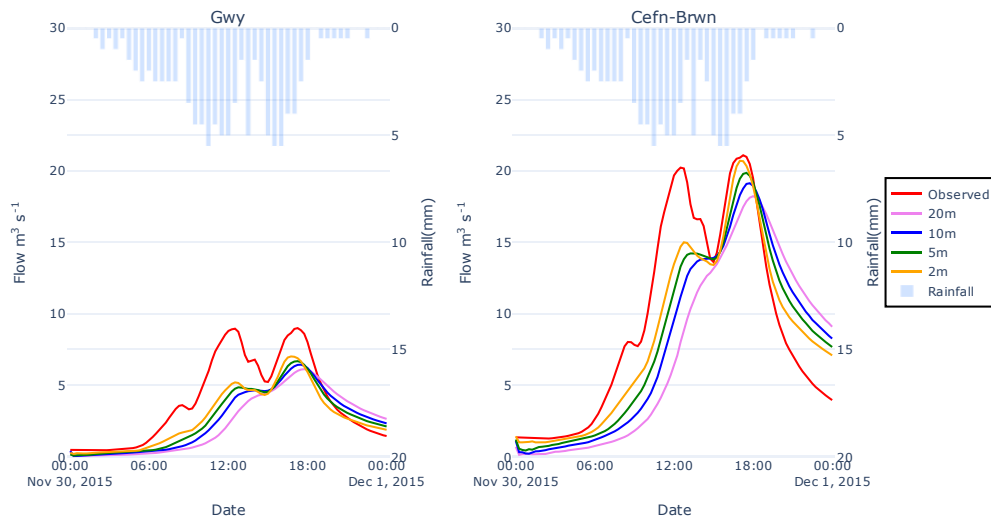
With SGS



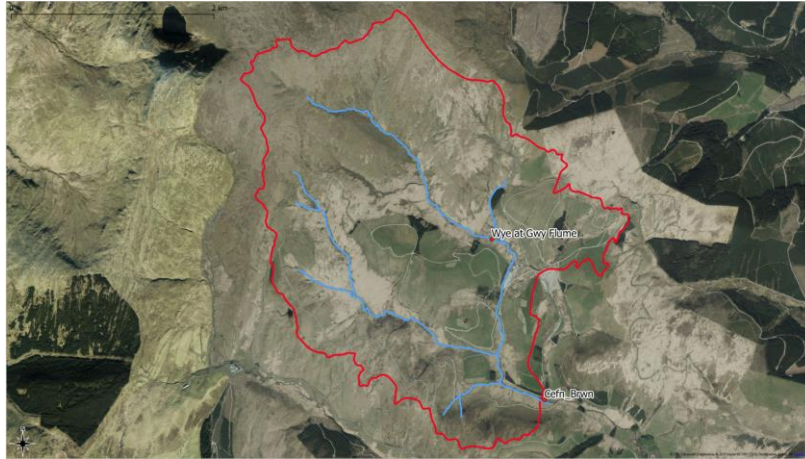
Whole Catchment Modelling Without SGS (Traditional)



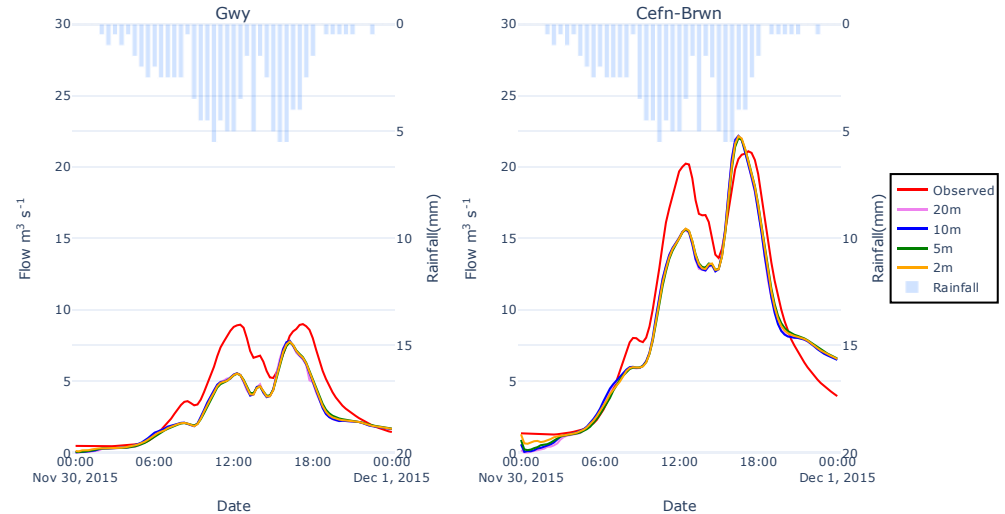
Plynlimon-Calibration-Traditional



Whole Catchment Modelling With SGS



Plynlimon-Calibration-SGS

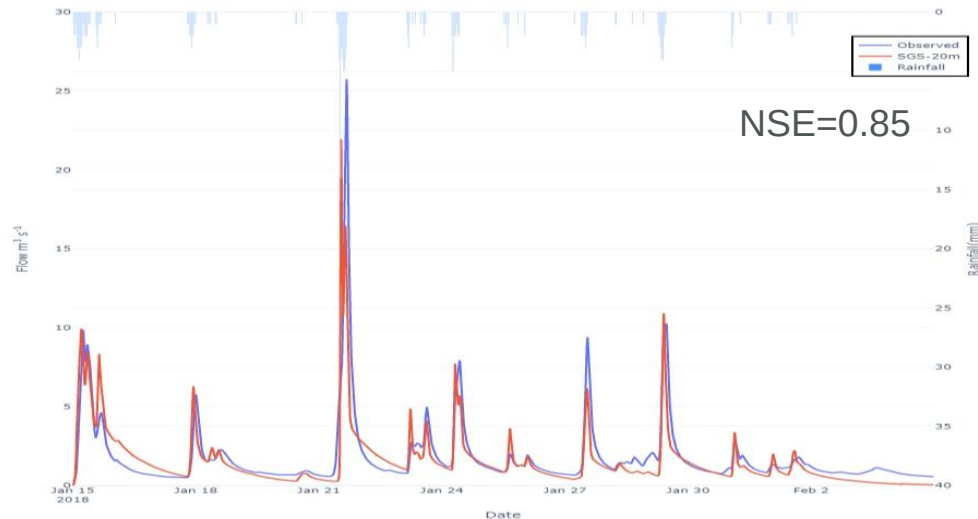


Applications Whole Catchment

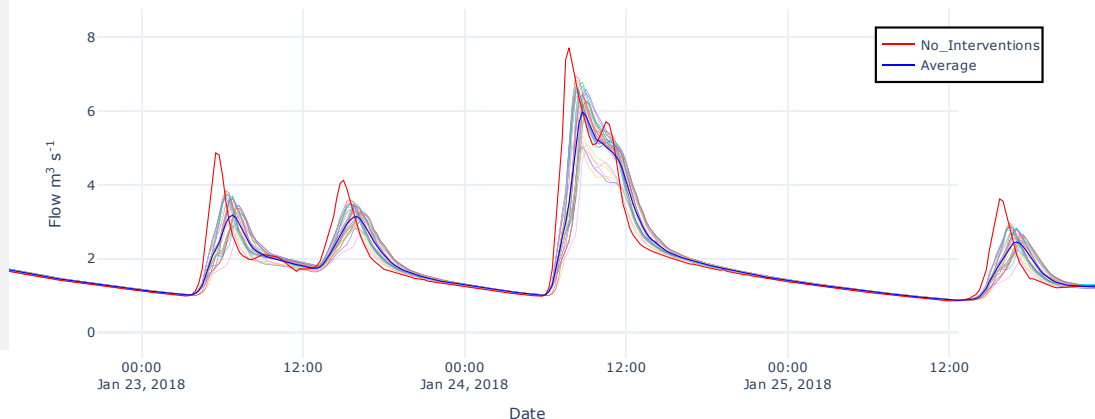
Larger mesh sizes provide similar results at fraction of computational time

- Longer term continuous modelling is possible
- More scenarios can be run

Can be used in conjunction with Quadtree



Plynlimon: Cefn-Brown Gauge-NFM Measures



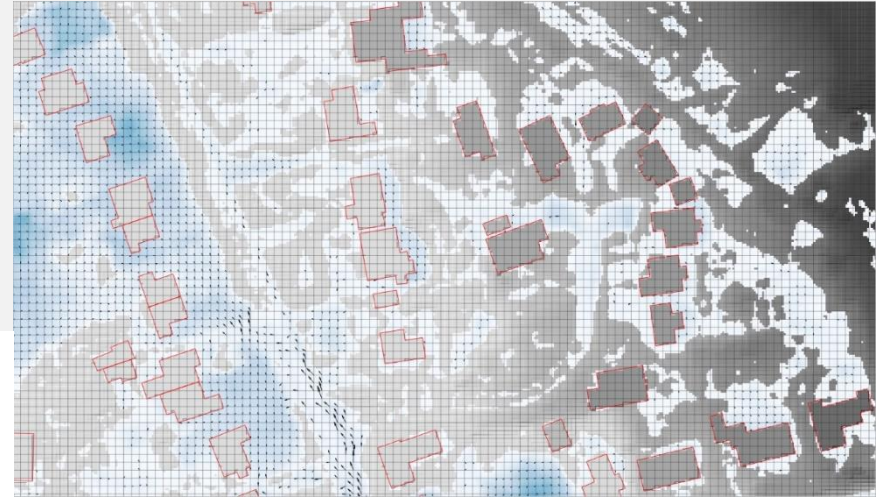
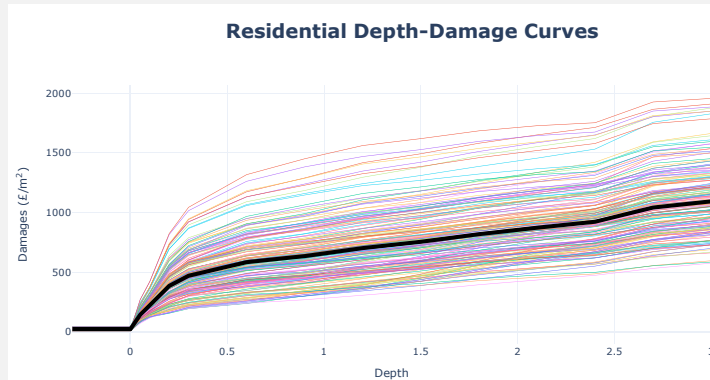
Applications

Property Damages In Urban Areas

Flood Risk Management Appraisal is based on Benefit Cost Ratio

Benefits based on Flood Damages

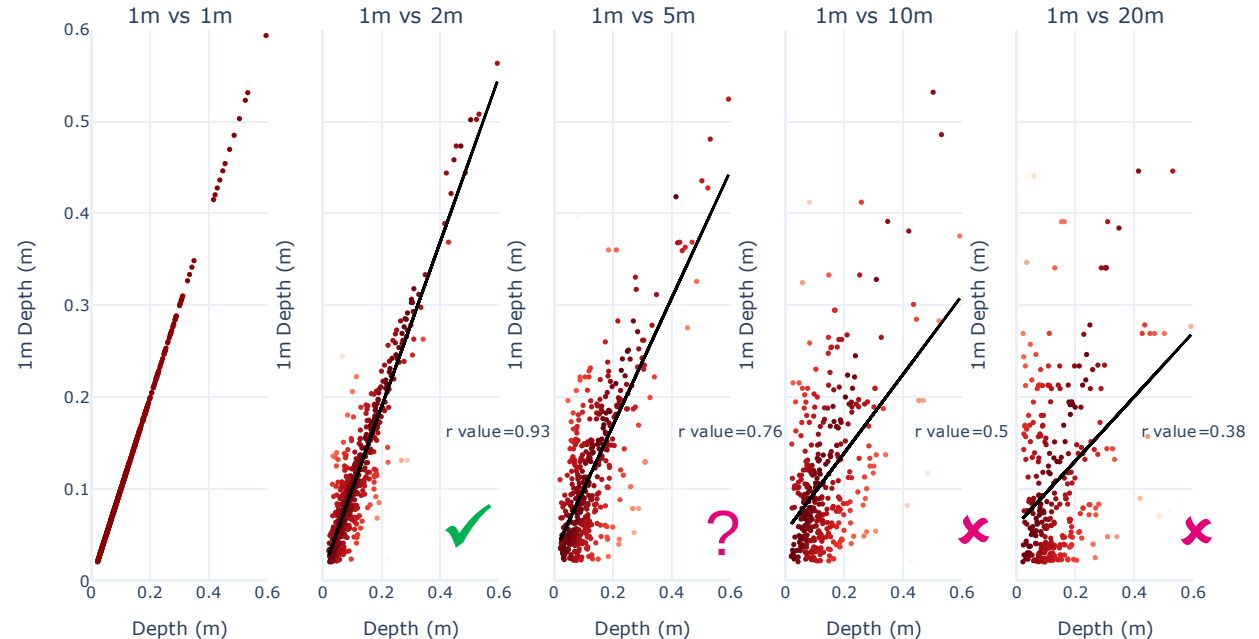
- Accurate representation of property flood depths is essential



Property Flood Depths Without SGS (Traditional)

Results are
Sensitive to Mesh
Resolution

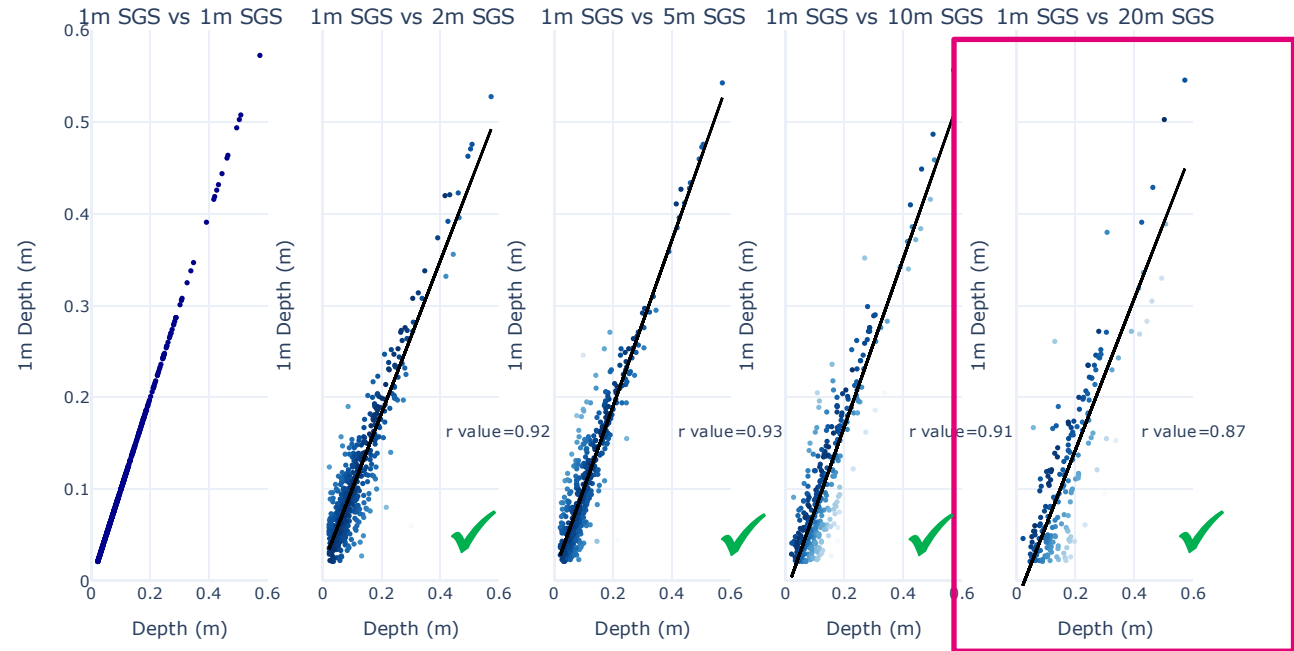
Sensitivity of Simulated Property Depths for a Range of Grid Cell Sizes Without Sub-Grid Sampling



Property Flood Depths With SGS

With SGS, 20m output is a closer fit to 1m outputs than traditional

Sensitivity of Simulated Property Depths for a Range of Grid Cell Sizes With Sub-Grid Sampling



Property Flood Depths Run Times and Flood Dep

~90% correlation...

...but over 30 times quicker!!

Greater consistency in simulated
flood depths and therefore
damages

Sensitivity of Calculated Property Damages to Cell Size



Future of 2D Hydraulic Modelling

Conclusion

2D Hydraulic Modelling

- Major advancements over the last 50 years
- Wide range of schemes... beware of the simplistic schemes and even advanced 2D Schemes still have deficiencies

However...

- Can now vary cell sizes (very easily) for fixed grid models (**Quadtree**)
- Consistent results using much coarser cell sizes (**SGS**)

Above combination a game-changer

The future is looking bright for accurate 2D modelling

